

United Nations Statistics Division: Demographic Yearbook
Questionnaire on Population Estimates
Part 2: Metadata

Reporting country: Singapore
Reporting year: 2009

1. Coverage of data

In order to clarify the exact composition of the population for which estimates were given in this questionnaire, please indicate below the disposition of each group listed. Please also specify the years to which description refers to.

Total population comprises Singapore residents (i.e. Singapore citizens and Singapore permanent residents in the legal sense) and non-residents (i.e. pass holders who are permitted to stay in Singapore for estimated 1-5 years). In our response for the below table, civilian aliens refer to non-residents.

For statistical purpose, Singapore's Department of Statistics (DOS) adopts the de jure concept for Singapore's population estimates based on a person's place of usual residence. In addition, DOS adopts the United Nations' recommendations* of applying a threshold of 12 months when considering place of usual residence. In other words, residents who are absent from the country for a continuous period of 12 months or more are excluded from the count of persons usually residing in Singapore. Singapore citizens with registered foreign addresses and no local addresses are also excluded from the total population.

* The "Principles and Recommendations for Population and Housing Censuses, Revision 2" was adopted by the United Nations Statistical Commission at its 38th session in 2007.

Population group	Estimated total population for the following years 2003 to 2009		
	Included	Excluded	Not applicable
(a) Nomads	☐	☐	☒
(b) Persons living in remote areas	☒	☐	☐
(c) Military, naval and diplomatic personnel and their families located outside the country	☒	☐	☐
(d) Merchant seamen and fishermen resident in the country but at sea at the time of the census (including those who have no place of residence other than their quarters aboard ship)	☒	☐	☐
(e) Civilian residents temporarily in another country as seasonal workers	☒	☐	☐
(f) Civilian residents who cross a frontier daily to work in another country	☒	☐	☐
(g) Civilian residents other than those in (c), (e), and (f) working in another country	☒	☐	☐

Population group	Estimated total population for the following years 2003 to 2009		
	Included	Excluded	Not applicable
(h) Civilian residents other than those in (c)-(g), temporarily absent from the country	☒	☐	☐
(i) Foreign military, naval and diplomatic personnel and their families located in the country	☐	☒	☐
(j) Civilian aliens temporarily in the country as seasonal workers	☐	☐	☒
(k) Civilian aliens who cross a frontier daily to work in another the country	☐	☒	☐
(l) Civilian aliens other than those in (i), (j), and (k) working in another the country Note : For Singapore, they refer to non-residents on passes who are permitted to work in Singapore for estimated 1-5 years.	☒	☐	☐
(m) Civilian aliens other than those in (i)-(l), temporarily in country Note : For Singapore, they refer to non-residents on non-work passes who are permitted to study or stay in Singapore for a year or longer.	☒	☐	☐
(n) Transients on ships in harbour at the time of the census	☐	☒	☐

2. Method of estimation

2.1 Total population

Estimates of total population for a country as a whole may be constructed by a variety of means. Please indicate by a check mark the method used in constructing the latest population estimate for 30-Jun-2009 (date) indicating the source of "base data" and the "method of time adjustment".

2.1.1 Base Data

☒ (1) Continuous population register

☒ (2) Complete census taken 30 Jun 1990 (date)

☒ i) population actually enumerated

☐ ii) population adjusted to take account of % underenumeration

☐ (3) Sample survey taken [] (date)

☒ (4) Partial census taken or partial registration 30 June 2000 (date)

(Please describe: Full count from the population register, 20% sample for detailed characteristics of population)

☐ (5) Non-censal count of [] (date)

(Please describe method: [])

☐ (6) Conjectural estimate derived by means other than counting

(Please describe method: [])

2.1.2 Method of time adjustment

☐ (1) Base data secured annually through population register

☐ (2) Applying statistics of births and deaths (natural increase), and migration

☐ (i) Registered vital statistics

☐ (ii) Vital statistics adjusted for incompleteness

☐ (3) Applying statistics of births and deaths (natural increase), but no account taken of migration

☐ (i) Registered vital statistics

☐ (ii) Vital statistics adjusted for incompleteness

☐ (4) Extrapolating mathematically from censuses taken [] (date 1), [] (date 2) and [] (date 3). Please give formula: []

☐ (5) Applying an assumed rate of increase, not derived by mathematical extrapolation or interpolation but based on: []

☐ (i) Assumption with respect to mortality, fertility, migration

☐ (ii) Assumption with respect to mortality, fertility, but no account taken of migration

☐ (iii) Other assumed rate

Please give rate used, and describe how obtained: []

☐ (6) No time adjustment (base figure held constant)

☐ (7) Other (Please explain: [])

2.2 Population by age and sex

Estimates of population according to age and sex are assumed to be constructed on the same base data as are the total estimates. However, certain additional factors may affect age distributions estimated from census enumerations or from sample surveys. Please indicate below the adjustment(s) made in the basic age distribution used to construct estimates shown in Tables 2 and 4.

2.2.1 Adjustments in base

- ☐ (1) None-based on population actually enumerated at various ages or estimated from survey results.
- ☐ (2) Enumerated population or population estimated from survey results adjusted to take account of underenumeration at various age.
- ☐ (3) Base age distribution "smoothed", i.e., adjusted to remove effects of digit preference in age reporting.

2.2.2 Method of time adjustment

Distribution of estimated population according to age and sex may also be made by same methods as used to obtain the projection of the total figure, or it may be derived by distributing the estimate according to the percentage of population in each age-sex group at time of census.

Please indicate below the method used in constructing the age-sex distribution of the latest estimate shown in Table 2.

- ☐ (1) Applying actual or assumed natural increase and migration
- ☐ (2) Applying actual or assumed natural increase alone
- ☐ (3) Distributing the total estimate according to percentage of population in each age-sex group at time of census of sample survey
- ☐ (4) By other means (Please describe:)

2.2.3 Disposition of unknown age

If frequency in unknown age category of tables 2 and 4 is zero, please indicate below whether, in the preparation of the estimates:

- ☐ (1) An age has been assigned to persons for whom age did not appear in the census or sample survey.
- ☐ (2) Frequency in unknown age category has been distributed proportionately among known ages.
- ☒ (3) The frequency of unknown age appearing in the census or survey was zero.

2.3 Urban and rural population, and the population of cities

Please indicate below the method used in making post-censal estimates of urban and rural, and of city population.

"Urban/rural location" is not applicable as Singapore is a city-state.

	Urban/rural population	City population
(1) Continuous population registers	☐	☒
(2) Surveys, other than a census	☐	☐
(3) Extrapolation of percentage	☐	☐
(4) Observed rate of growth, assumed to continue	☐	☐
(5) By other means (Please describe:)	☐	☐

3. Bibliography of Demographic Statistics

Please list publications that contain results of your latest population census or survey, and current statistics on population estimates:

Publication	Weblink
1. Population Trends 2009	http://www.singstat.gov.sg/pubn/catalogue.html#demo
2. Singapore Resident Population 2003-2007	
3. General Household Survey 2005, Release 1, Socio-Demographic and Economic Characteristics	
4. General Household Survey 2005, Release 2, Transport, Overseas Travel, Household and Housing Characteristics	
5. Census of Population 2000, Advanced Data Release	http://www.singstat.gov.sg/pubn/catalogue.html#census
6. Census of Population 2000, Release 1, Demographic Characteristics	
7. Census of Population 2000, Release 2, Education, Language and Religion	
8. Census of Population 2000, Release 3, Economic Characteristics	
9. Census of Population 2000, Release 4, Geographical Distribution and Travel	
10. Census of Population 2000, Release 5, Households and Housing	